Bovine Viral Diarrhoea (BVD)

- Reduced milk production
- Poor reproductive performance
- Growth retardation
- Increased susceptibility to other diseases
- Early culling and increased mortality among young stock

BVD is the most prevalent infectious disease in cattle and causes a significant negative economic impact. The mechanism of disease is complex, with different clinical manifestations for transient and persistent infections. Diagnostic tools, using specific antibody and virus detection techniques, are available to assess the BVD status of herds.

References